

▶ See separate instructions.

▶ Attach to Form 1040 or Form 1040NR.

Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service (99)

Name(s) shown on Form 1040 or Form 1040NR

Your social security number

Part I Alternative Minimum Taxable Income (See instructions for how to complete each line.)

1	If filing Schedule A (Form 1040), enter the amount from Form 1040, line 41, and go to line 2. Otherwise, enter the amount from Form 1040, line 38, and go to line 7. (If less than zero, enter as a negative amount.)	1		
2	Medical and dental. Enter the smaller of Schedule A (Form 1040), line 4, or 2.5% (.025) of Form 1040, line 38. If zero or less, enter -0-	2		
3	Taxes from Schedule A (Form 1040), line 9	3		
4	Enter the home mortgage interest adjustment, if any, from line 6 of the worksheet on page 2 of the instructions	4		
5	Miscellaneous deductions from Schedule A (Form 1040), line 27	5		
6	If Form 1040, line 38, is over \$156,400 (over \$78,200 if married filing separately), enter the amount from line 11 of the Itemized Deductions Worksheet on page A-10 of the instructions for Schedule A (Form 1040)	6	()
7	Tax refund from Form 1040, line 10 or line 21	7	()
8	Investment interest expense (difference between regular tax and AMT)	8		
9	Depletion (difference between regular tax and AMT)	9		
10	Net operating loss deduction from Form 1040, line 21. Enter as a positive amount	10		
11	Interest from specified private activity bonds exempt from the regular tax	11		
12	Qualified small business stock (7% of gain excluded under section 1202)	12		
13	Exercise of incentive stock options (excess of AMT income over regular tax income)	13		
14	Estates and trusts (amount from Schedule K-1 (Form 1041), box 12, code A)	14		
15	Electing large partnerships (amount from Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 6)	15		
16	Disposition of property (difference between AMT and regular tax gain or loss)	16		
17	Depreciation on assets placed in service after 1986 (difference between regular tax and AMT)	17		
18	Passive activities (difference between AMT and regular tax income or loss)	18		
19	Loss limitations (difference between AMT and regular tax income or loss)	19		
20	Circulation costs (difference between regular tax and AMT)	20		
21	Long-term contracts (difference between AMT and regular tax income)	21		
22	Mining costs (difference between regular tax and AMT)	22		
23	Research and experimental costs (difference between regular tax and AMT)	23		
24	Income from certain installment sales before January 1, 1987	24	()
25	Intangible drilling costs preference	25		
26	Other adjustments, including income-based related adjustments	26		
27	Alternative tax net operating loss deduction	27	()
28	Alternative minimum taxable income. Combine lines 1 through 27. (If married filing separately and line 28 is more than \$207,500, see page 7 of the instructions.)	28		

Part II Alternative Minimum Tax

29	Exemption. (If this form is for a child under age 18, see page 7 of the instructions.) IF your filing status is . . . AND line 28 is not over . . . THEN enter on line 29 . . . Single or head of household . . . \$112,500 . . . \$44,350 Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) . . . 150,000 . . . 66,250 Married filing separately . . . 75,000 . . . 33,125	29		
30	If line 28 is over the amount shown above for your filing status, see page 7 of the instructions. Subtract line 29 from line 28. If more than zero, go to line 31. If zero or less, enter -0- here and on lines 33 and 35 and skip the rest of Part II	30		
31	• If you are filing Form 2555 or 2555-EZ, see page 8 of the instructions for the amount to enter. • If you reported capital gain distributions directly on Form 1040, line 13; you reported qualified dividends on Form 1040, line 9b; or you had a gain on both lines 15 and 16 of Schedule D (Form 1040) (as refigured for the AMT, if necessary), complete Part III on the back and enter the amount from line 55 here. • All others: If line 30 is \$175,000 or less (\$87,500 or less if married filing separately), multiply line 30 by 26% (.26). Otherwise, multiply line 30 by 28% (.28) and subtract \$3,500 (\$1,750 if married filing separately) from the result.	31		
32	Alternative minimum tax foreign tax credit (see page 8 of the instructions)	32		
33	Tentative minimum tax. Subtract line 32 from line 31	33		
34	Tax from Form 1040, line 44 (minus any tax from Form 4972 and any foreign tax credit from Form 1040, line 51). If you used Schedule J to figure your tax, the amount from line 44 of Form 1040 must be refigured without using Schedule J (see page 9 of the instructions)	34		
35	Alternative minimum tax. Subtract line 34 from line 33. If zero or less, enter -0-. Enter here and on Form 1040, line 45	35		

Part III Tax Computation Using Maximum Capital Gains Rates

36	Enter the amount from Form 6251, line 30. If you are filing Form 2555 or 2555-EZ, enter the amount from line 3 of the worksheet on page 8 of the instructions				36		
37	Enter the amount from line 6 of the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet in the instructions for Form 1040, line 44, or the amount from line 13 of the Schedule D Tax Worksheet on page D-10 of the instructions for Schedule D (Form 1040), whichever applies (as figured for the AMT, if necessary) (see page 9 of the instructions). If you are filing Form 2555 or 2555-EZ, see page 10 of the instructions for the amount to enter	37					
38	Enter the amount from Schedule D (Form 1040), line 19 (as figured for the AMT, if necessary) (see page 9 of the instructions). If you are filing Form 2555 or 2555-EZ, see page 10 of the instructions for the amount to enter	38					
39	If you did not complete a Schedule D Tax Worksheet for the regular tax or the AMT, enter the amount from line 37. Otherwise, add lines 37 and 38, and enter the smaller of that result or the amount from line 10 of the Schedule D Tax Worksheet (as figured for the AMT, if necessary). If you are filing Form 2555 or 2555-EZ, see page 10 of the instructions for the amount to enter	39					
40	Enter the smaller of line 36 or line 39				40		
41	Subtract line 40 from line 36				41		
42	If line 41 is \$175,000 or less (\$87,500 or less if married filing separately), multiply line 41 by 26% (.26). Otherwise, multiply line 41 by 28% (.28) and subtract \$3,500 (\$1,750 if married filing separately) from the result ▶				42		
43	Enter: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$63,700 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er), • \$31,850 if single or married filing separately, or • \$42,650 if head of household. 	43					
44	Enter the amount from line 7 of the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet in the instructions for Form 1040, line 44, or the amount from line 14 of the Schedule D Tax Worksheet on page D-10 of the instructions for Schedule D (Form 1040), whichever applies (as figured for the regular tax). If you did not complete either worksheet for the regular tax, enter -0-	44					
45	Subtract line 44 from line 43. If zero or less, enter -0-	45					
46	Enter the smaller of line 36 or line 37	46					
47	Enter the smaller of line 45 or line 46	47					
48	Multiply line 47 by 5% (.05) ▶				48		
49	Subtract line 47 from line 46	49					
50	Multiply line 49 by 15% (.15) ▶				50		
If line 38 is zero or blank, skip lines 51 and 52 and go to line 53. Otherwise, go to line 51.							
51	Subtract line 46 from line 40	51					
52	Multiply line 51 by 25% (.25) ▶				52		
53	Add lines 42, 48, 50, and 52				53		
54	If line 36 is \$175,000 or less (\$87,500 or less if married filing separately), multiply line 36 by 26% (.26). Otherwise, multiply line 36 by 28% (.28) and subtract \$3,500 (\$1,750 if married filing separately) from the result				54		
55	Enter the smaller of line 53 or line 54 here and on line 31. If you are filing Form 2555 or 2555-EZ, do not enter this amount on line 31. Instead, enter it on line 4 of the worksheet on page 8 of the instructions				55		